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**SC Homeland Security Advisory Council (HSAC) Charter**

**December 19, 2022**

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# Affirmation of the Homeland Security Charter

We the undersigned have read this charter and accept the roles and responsibilities described therein.

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Mark A. Keel Date

Chief, SLED (HSA/SAA)

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Kim Stenson Date Dr. Edward Simmer Date

Director, SC Emergency Management Div. Director, Dept. of SC Health & Environmental Control

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Captain John Cole Date Susan Ferensic Date

USCG Captain of the Port-Sector Charleston FBI Special Agent in Charge - SC

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MG Van McCarty Date Hugh Weathers Date

Adjutant General Commissioner, SC Dept. of Agriculture

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Chief Jonathan Jones Date Howard Knapp Date

SC State Fire Marshal Executive Director, South Carolina State

Election Commission

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Robert H. Boyles, Jr. Date Tim Wojcik Date

Director, SC Department of Natural Resources Emergency Manager, SC Department of Transportation

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Director, SC Department of Public Safety Director, SC Criminal Justice Academy

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Michael Leach Date Eden Hendrick Date

Director, SC Department of Social Services Executive Director, SC Department of Juvenile Justice

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Connie D. Munn Date Molly Spearman Date

Director, SC Department on Aging Superintendent, SC Department of Education

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Sheriff Leroy Ravenell Date Chief Chrissie Cofield-Latimore Date

President, SC Sheriffs’ Association President, SC Police Chiefs Association

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Chief Justin McLellan Date Chief Joshua Holzheimer Date

President, SC State Association of Fire Chiefs President, SC State Firefighters’ Association

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Kristy Burch Date Gerald Blanchard Date

President, SC Emergency Mgmt. Assoc. President, SC EMS Association

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President, SC Hospital Association President/Exec. Dir., SC Comm. on Higher Ed.

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Chief William Harris Date Gretchen Birt Date

Catawba Indian Nation Statewide Interoperability Coordinator

Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee

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Steven Batson Date Michael Patterson Date

Chairman, State Citizens Corps Council Chairman, Voluntary Organizations

Active in Disasters (VOAD)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Jay Meyer Date

Chief Strategy Officer, Office of Technology

and Information Services (Direct report for:

Chief Information Officer & Chief Information

Security Officer)

**Regional Chairs:**

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Chief Terry Strange Date Chief Terrence Green Date

Co-Chair, Upstate RHSAC Co-Chair, Midlands RHSAC

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Sheriff Duane Lewis Date Director Randall Webster Date

Co-Chair, Lowcountry RHSAC Co-Chair, Pee Dee RHSAC

# I. Homeland Security Advisory Council (HSAC) Goals, Vision, Mission and Objectives

## Goal and Vision:

To provide South Carolina a ***comprehensive, integrated homeland security capability*** that prevents, protects from, responds to and aids in the recovery from terrorist activities or other events (in accord with State law--Attachment A). To accomplish this, the State is developing capabilities to include local, regional, and State response teams and assets that are well organized, fully equipped, superbly trained, and jointly employed to ensure the protection and safety of all residents.

## Mission Statement:

The HSAC is established to support and advise the State Homeland Security Advisor (HSA) and State Administrative Agency (SAA) to accomplish the goal and vision above. This shall be accomplished through:

* + Collaboration between local, state and federal entities to include government agencies, the private sector and community-based organizations
  + Risk assessments to determine threats to SC, vulnerabilities of citizens and critical infrastructure, consequences of an event, resources required to respond and remaining capability gaps
  + Detailed capability assessments based on sound metrics
  + Development of investment plans that best allocate resources to strengthen capabilities to mitigate risk by saving lives and reducing tragedy
  + Obtaining, allocating, tracking and optimizing resources (personnel, equipment, grants, state funds, in-kind support, mutual aid) to strengthen capabilities that reduce risk
  + Establishment of appropriate plans, training, and exercise programs to insure operational capabilities
  + Information sharing and collaboration
  + Documentation and sharing of best practices statewide
  + Reporting on capabilities developed to reduce risk and at what cost
  + Continued development and update of state strategies in accord with the latest risk and capability assessments
  + Any other activities consistent with furthering the homeland security vision

## Objectives:

* Guide risk assessments—considering the threats, vulnerabilities and consequences
* Determine the State’s capabilities to mitigate risk
* Determine the progress being made to reduce capability gaps
* Review and approve investment plans allocating resources to build capabilities that optimally reduce risk
* Guide the development and update of the State’s Homeland Security Strategy to reduce risk to the citizens of the State
* Ensure accurate reporting of progress regarding all aspects of homeland security relevant to SC to the HSA

# II. HSAC Membership

In accord with Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Guidance (FY 2020 FEMA Preparedness Grants Manual, pages A-7 to A-9) and in view of the State’s mission, vision, goals and objectives, the membership of the HSAC includes the following representatives or designees who serve at the discretion of the HSA during the term of their office:

1. SLED Chief – Chairman. State Administrative Agency\*, Homeland Security Advisor
2. SC Emergency Management Division Director\*
3. Department of Health and Environmental Control, Director of Public Health Preparedness (ASPR Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program Coordinator\* and CDC Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program Director\*)
4. U.S. Coast Guard Captain of the Port-Sector Charleston
5. Federal Bureau of Investigation SAC
6. SC Adjutant General
7. SC Department of Agriculture Commissioner
8. SC State Fire Marshal
9. SC Department of Natural Resources Director
10. SC Department of Transportation Secretary
11. SC Department of Public Safety Director
12. SC Criminal Justice Academy Director
13. SC Department of Juvenile Justice
14. SC Sheriffs’ Association President
15. SC Police Chiefs’ Association President
16. SC Fire Chiefs’ Association President
17. SC Fire Fighters’ Association President
18. SC Emergency Management Association President
19. SC Emergency Medical Services Association President
20. SC Hospital Association President
21. SC Department of Education Superintendent
22. SC Commission on Higher Education Executive Director
23. SC Department of Social Services
24. Lt. Governor’s Council on Aging
25. Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee
26. State Citizen Corps Whole Community Council
27. SC VOAD Representative
28. Tribal Organization Leader
29. South Carolina State Election Commission
30. Office of Technology and Information Services (to include Statewide Interoperability Coordinator & Chief Information Security Officer)
31. South Carolina State Election Commission
32. Regional Representatives (1 designated voting member from each of the 4 state homeland security regions: Low Country, Midlands, Pee Dee and Upstate)

## 

***\*These positions are required by DHS for the approval of Homeland Security Grants.***

***NOTE: The SCEMD position, as well as other government and private positions are implicitly recommended in accord with the SC Code of Laws 23-3-15 (Attachment A).***

The HSAC will meet quarterly or as needed at the direction of the HSA/SAA.

# III. HSAC Operations in Coordination with the HSA, SAA, DHS, Agencies and Jurisdictions

While emphasizing regionalization and adoption of NIMS standards, typing and certification, and to accomplish State (Attachment A) and National Homeland Security priorities[[1]](#footnote-1), it is incumbent upon the State to utilize all available expertise and resources for planning and operations to limit the impact of possible manmade or natural disasters. This expertise and the resources needed to limit risk factors exist primarily at the local level—to include emergency responder agencies, businesses and colleges. It is the intent of the State to clearly identify these, along with community, state and federal resources, and make them available for use by local or state entities as needed to save lives and reduce trauma due to disaster.

The Core Capability Committees will be formed to address these, taking into account National Priorities. The committees are outlined below, with additional members per request & SAA approval. Each committee leader serves on the HSAC. These committees will meet and consolidate data with the assistance of the Strategy Implementation Group for presentation to the HSAC meetings.

## 

## Committee Responsibilities

Committees have the responsibility to obtain the best risk assessments, estimates of the capabilities required to mitigate the risk for the DHS Core Capabilities and resources available to provide those capabilities. Based on the capability gaps and cost to capability, resources to close capability gaps will be identified and sought by discipline leaders to include mutual aid, state funding, local community support and grants. As the risk and capability needs change, the State Strategy will require periodic update. This will be accomplished by the 10 HSAC committees in concert with the Strategy Implementation Group. Agencies may have broad expertise warranting representation on more than one committee. Committees are encouraged to seek appropriate representation to address their responsibilities. Whenever possible, the committees will leverage the work conducted in parallel processes by existing entities such as the statewide HAZMAT Working Group, the various CI/KR Sector committees, etc. The core capabilities assigned to each committee are listed in Attachment B. The Strategy Implementation Group (SIG), discussed in the next section, will assist the HSAC committees in every aspect of the risk/capability and strategy development process. Thereafter, roles will be reversed as project proposals are developed by discipline leaders statewide, to be reviewed and prioritized by the SIG in coordination with the HSAC Committees as desired. The SIG will combine acceptable proposals into Investment Justifications which will be submitted to funding organizations after HSAC approval. The SIG will also track milestone accomplishment and report the status to the HSAC and funding entities.

The committee responsibilities are presented in more detail below:

Critical Transportation & Logistics Committee. This committee will focus on resources and plans to provide transportation (including infrastructure access and accessible transportation services) for priority objectives during the Response phase, including evacuation of people and animals, delivery of response personnel, equipment and services into the affected areas and rapid restoration of normal lifeline functions to facilitate economic recovery. It will also support the synchronization of logistics capabilities and support the restoration of impacted supply chains.

Statewide Interoperability Executive & Public Information and Warning Committee. This committee’s responsibilities include enhancing and expanding South Carolina’s collaborative communications interoperability efforts resulting in the ability of public safety providers, federal agency responders, public service and utility providers to exchange incident essential communications on demand, in real time, utilizing the technologies set forth in the Interoperability Continuum. It also seeks to ensure that Government agencies and public and private sectors receive and transmit coordinated, prompt, reliable and actionable information using culturally and linguistically appropriate methods regarding threats to their health, safety, and property through clear reliable information delivery systems. This information must be updated regularly and outline protective measures that can be taken by individuals and their communities. It involves developing, coordinating and disseminating information to the public, coordinating officials and incident management and responders across all jurisdictions and disciplines under all hazard conditions appropriate to each of the five Mission Areas (Prevent, Protect, Mitigate, Respond and Recover).

Mass Search and Rescue and Fire Management Committee. This committee will develop plans and resources to deliver traditional and atypical search and rescue capabilities, including personnel, services, animals and assets to survivors in need, in order to save the greatest number of endangered lives in the shortest time possible. It will also address issues regarding structural, wildland, and specialized firefighting capabilities to manage and suppress fires of all types, kinds, and complexities while protecting the lives, property, and the environment in the affected area.

Health and Medical Committee. The committee is responsible for developing and enhancing health and medical readiness and preparedness capabilities. It will provide advice regarding all aspects of the public health and hospital preparedness programs with a focus on emergency management and responses to all hazards, as appropriate and ensure availability of guidance and resources to address all hazards including hazardous materials, acts of terrorism, and natural disasters in support of responder operations and affected communities. It will provide fatality management services, including body recovery and victim identification, working with state and local authorities to provide temporary mortuary solutions, sharing information with mass care services for the purpose of reunifying family members and caregivers with missing persons/remains, and providing counseling to the bereaved. It will plan for life-sustaining services to the affected population with a focus on hydration, feeding, and sheltering to those who have the most need, as well as support for reunifying families. Finally, it will provide lifesaving medical treatment via emergency medical services and related operations and avoid additional disease and injury by providing targeted public health and medical support and products to all people in need within the affected area.

Threats, Vulnerability and Resilience Committee. This committee will focus on development of plans and resources or programs to mitigate the potential effects of threats/hazards. In particular, the committee will address Threat and Hazard Identification, Disaster Resilience Assessment, Long-Term Vulnerability Reduction, and Community Resilience.

Assessment, Operational Coordination and On-scene Security Committee. This committee will establish and maintain a unified and coordinated operational structure and process to appropriately integrate all critical stakeholders and support execution of core capabilities. It will provide all decision makers with decision-relevant information regarding the nature and extent of the hazard, any cascading effects, and the status of the response. It will seek to ensure a safe and secure environment through law enforcement and related security and protection operations for people and communities located within affected areas and also for all traditional and atypical response personnel engaged in lifesaving and life-sustaining operations.

Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources Committee. Members are to serve as a State resource for Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources data, planning and expertise. The committee will provide information, analysis, and recommendations regarding the protection of Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources (CIKR) in South Carolina, assist in the identification and prioritization of CIKR assets, coordinate protection of those assets in each of the CIKR sectors, promote implementation of the National Infrastructure Protection Plan in the private sector, increase awareness of and assist public and private entities comply with DHS and State regulations and guidelines in CIKR matters. Areas to consider include access control, physical protective measures, public/private services and resources, and risk management for protective programs.

### Cybersecurity, Forensics and Attribution, Intelligence & Information Sharing Committee.

This committee will develop plans and resources to protect against damage to, unauthorized use of and/or exploitation of (and if necessary, restoration of) electronic communications systems and services and the information contained therein. It will facilitate the production of timely, accurate, and actionable intelligence/information in support of prevention, awareness, deterrence, response, and continuity planning operations. It will support the effective and timely sharing of information and intelligence across State, local, regional, private sector, and Federal entities to achieve coordinated awareness of, prevention of, protection against, and response to a threatened or actual domestic terrorist attack, major disaster, or emergency. It will also support the conduct of forensic analysis and attribute terrorist acts (including the means and methods of terrorism) to their source, to include forensic analysis as well as attribution for an attack and for the preparation for an attack in an effort to prevent initial or follow-on acts and/or swiftly develop counter-options.

Planning Committee. This committee will encourage jurisdictions to engage in comprehensive planning processes that seek to enhance capabilities to manage all threats/hazards. It will conduct a systematic process to engage the whole community as appropriate in the development of executable strategic, operational and/or community-based approaches to meet priority objectives[[2]](#footnote-2). Plans will include mechanisms and processes to describe, inventory, mobilize, dispatch, track, and recover resources. The committee will also develop mechanisms that will provide all decision makers with decision-relevant information regarding the nature and extent of the threat/hazard, any cascading effects, and the status of the response.

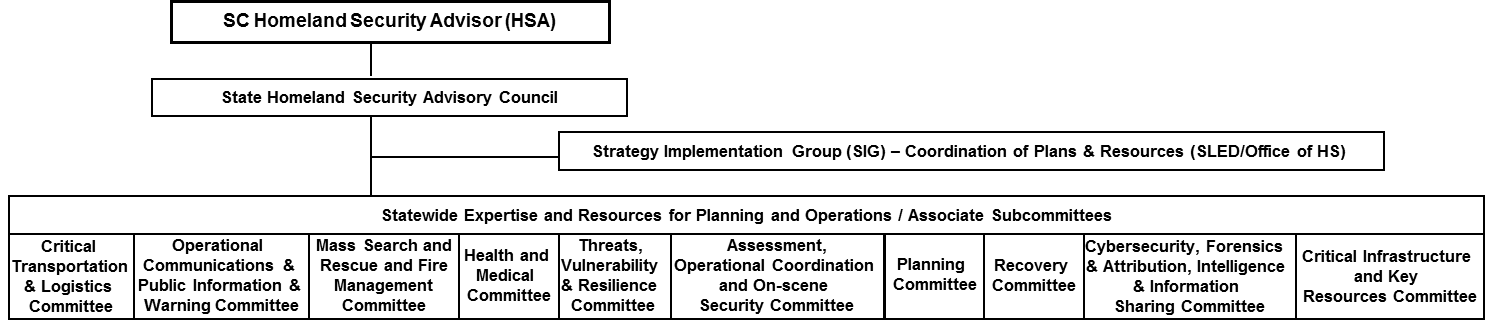
Recovery Committee. This committee will develop plans and resources required to return economic and business activities (including food and agriculture) to a healthy state and develop new business and employment opportunities that result in a sustainable and economically viable community. It will restore and improve health and social services networks to promote the resilience, independence, health (including behavioral health), and well-being of the whole community. It will develop and implement housing solutions that effectively support the needs of the whole community and contribute to its sustainability and resilience. It will protect natural and cultural resources and historic properties through appropriate planning, mitigation, response, and recovery actions to preserve, conserve, rehabilitate, and restore them.

Homeland Security Planning and Resource Coordinators that are part of the State’s Strategy Implementation Group (SIG) will be assigned to support each of the HSAC Committees and are discussed next.

## Strategy Implementation Group

To support the State’s HSAC and committees, the State has staffed a Strategy Implementation Group (SIG).[[3]](#footnote-3) It facilitates risk and capability assessments; gap analysis and determines resources needed to bridge gaps; seeks investment ideas from local and state experts to resolve capability gaps; reports progress to the HSAC (documenting the mitigation of risk and at what cost); assists in developing strategic plans as needed in response to risks and changing circumstances; tracks program finances, and provides administrative support to the program & HSAC. The SIG will serve to coordinate and facilitate planning to mitigate risks by engaging statewide expertise to include the HSAC committees and resources to develop implementation strategies for review and approval by the HSAC. These activities will constitute an ongoing capabilities-based planning improvement process. The SIG implements the DHS/FEMA Threat Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment/Stakeholder Preparedness Review (THIRA/SPR) to determine the most significant hazard risks and associated capability gaps that need to be addressed consistent with the National Preparedness System: Such Assessments & Reporting, Strategy Development and Implementation are summarized in the following graphic. Investment strategies produced through this process will be presented to the HSAC for review, discussion and final approval.

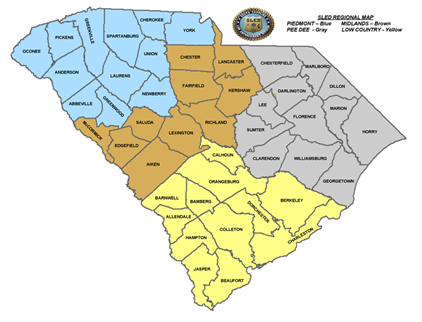


At least one SIG planner will be assigned to each of the HSAC committees. Resource and financial management personnel from the SIG will also assist committees to include the THIRA/SPR assessment to develop plans associated with obtaining, (re-)allocating and expending resources to minimize capability gaps. Combining these organizational structures into one diagram is shown below:

# IV. Regional Homeland Security Advisory Councils

The Homeland Security Advisory Council (HSAC) will be supported by four Regional Homeland Security Advisory Councils (R-HSAC), one within each designated SLED operational region of the state. These Regional Councils will be established in the Upstate, Midlands, Pee Dee and Low Country regions and co-chaired by a SLED Regional Special Agent in Charge (SAC) and a discipline leader from the region recommended by the Office of Homeland Security and appointed by the HSA with association approval.

**SLED and Homeland Security Regions**

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Each regional council will contain two representatives from each of the five asterisked (\*) emergency responder disciplines below. Each of these will be nominated by their state level association (President) and confirmed by the HSA. For each discipline, one member will be selected from a small county and one from a large county. Each regional council will be co-chaired by a representative of a different discipline so that, at any one time, four of the five disciplines have a leadership role. The local agency co-chair from each region will serve as the regional representative to the HSAC and will be a voting member. Other agencies (DHEC, DNR, DPS, SCEMD) will appoint a representative to each regional council to be approved by the HSA. The leader of each Homeland Security WMD/Specialized Regional Response Team in the region will serve as a member of their respective regional R-HSAC. Finally, the four city and county communications leaders from the region that are members of the Technical Advisory Committee to the Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee (SIEC) will be part of each Regional-HSAC.

**Regional HSAC Council**

**Composition**

SLED Region SAC

Sheriffs (2)\*

Police Chiefs (2) \*

Fire Service (2)\*

Emergency Medical Services (2)\*

Local Emergency Management (2)\*

SCEMD REM

DHEC Region Director

Dept. Natural Resources

Dept. of Public Safety

Regional Team Leaders

Communications Leaders (SIEC) (3)

\*1 small and 1 large county

The Regional Structure of the HSAC combining all regions is shown in Attachment C.

# V. Conclusion

The Homeland Security Advisory Council (HSAC), with its supporting committees and the Strategy Implementation Group (SIG) will identify the threats, vulnerabilities and consequences of disasters (risk) to the citizens of South Carolina and identify capabilities to mitigate them. The HSAC and its supporting entities will coordinate the local, state and federal resourcing of these capabilities as needed and directed by the Homeland Security Advisor and the State Administrative Agency. As risks evolve, the HSAC and supporting entities will adapt and develop plans accordingly. By working together, as outlined herein, South Carolina can achieve its goal of preventing, protecting from, responding to, and recovering from man-made (including terrorism) and/or naturally caused disasters to limit suffering and the loss of life.

NOTE: A copy of this charter will be provided to each member after all signatures have been secured. Copies will also be provided to other agencies/organizations upon request in order to educate on the process and promote transparency.

# Attachment A. Legislative Authority & Responsibilities

Legislative Authority, SC Code of Laws, SECTION 23-3-15.

The South Carolina Law-Enforcement Division was given responsibility for…(8) the coordination of counter terrorism efforts, including prevention against, preparation for, response to, and crisis management of acts of terrorism, in or affecting this State; coordination of federal grants associated with homeland security; creation of councils appropriate to its mission; and service as the Governor's representative to the United States Department of Homeland Security; and…Additionally, the State of South Carolina Office of the Governor issued Executive Order 2003-02 on January 17, 2003 designating the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division (SLED) to “be the operational authority and lead state agency in the counter-terrorism effort including preparation against acts of terrorism in or affecting this State and in the crisis management response to such acts. SLED shall work closely with the Emergency Management Division (EMD) and the various governmental and private entities in South Carolina relevant to the homeland security mission. The South Carolina Emergency Operations Plan concerning terrorism is hereby placed into effect. The Chief of SLED shall create task forces or coordinating councils deemed appropriate to support this mission, and shall serve as the Governor’s representative to the United States Office of Homeland Security.”

# Attachment B. DHS Core Capabilities Addressed by Each Committee

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Core Capability Committee Responsibilities** | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| **Critical Transportation & Logistics Committee** | **Operational**  **Communications &**  **Public Information &**  **Warning Committee** | **Mass Search and Rescue and Fire Management**  **Committee** | **Health and Medical Committee** | **Threats, Vulnerability and Resilience Committee** |
| Critical Transportation (Respond) | Operational Communications (Respond) | Mass Search and Rescue (Respond) | Environmental Response/Health and Safety (Respond) | Community Resilience (Mitigate) |
| Logistics and Supply Chain Management (Respond) | Public Information and Warning (all 5 Mission Areas) | Fire Management and Suppression (Respond) | Fatality Management Services (Respond) | Long-Term Vulnerability Reduction (Mitigate) |
|  |  |  | Mass Care Services (Respond) | Risk and Disaster Resilience Assessment (Mitigate) |
|  |  |  | Public Health, Healthcare & Emergency Medical Services (Respond) | Threats and Hazards Identification (Mitigate) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| **Assessment,**  **Operational Coordination and On-scene Security Committee** | **Planning Committee** | **Recovery Committee** | **Cybersecurity, Forensics**  **& Attribution, Intelligence**  **& Information**  **Sharing Committee** | **Critical Infrastructure and Key Resources Committee** |
| Operational Coordination (all 5 Mission Areas) | Planning (all 5 Mission Areas) | Economic Recovery (Recover) | Intelligence and Information Sharing (Prevent and Protect) | Access Control and Identity Verification (Protect) |
| On-Scene Security, Protection, and Law Enforcement (Response) |  | Health and Social Services (Recover) | Cybersecurity (Protect) | Interdiction and Disruption (Prevent and Protect) |
| Situational Assessment (Response) |  | Housing (Recover) | Forensics and Attribution (Prevent) | Physical Protective Measures (Protect) |
|  |  | Natural and Cultural Resources (Recover) |  | Risk Management for Protective Programs (Protect) |
|  |  |  |  | Infrastructure Systems (Respond & Recover) |
|  |  |  |  | Screening, Search and Detection (Prevent & Protect) |

**DHS Core Capabilities by Mission Area:**

**Common (“Cross Cutting” Across All Mission Areas) Core Capabilities**

1. Planning

2. Public Information and Warning

3. Operational Coordination

**Prevent Mission Area**

4. Forensics and Attribution

5. Intelligence and Information Sharing

6. Interdiction and Disruption

7. Screening, Search and Detection

**Protect Mission Area**

8. Access Control and Identity Verification

9. Cybersecurity

10. Intelligence and Information Sharing

11. Interdiction and Disruption

12. Physical Protective Measures

13. Risk Management for Protective Programs and Activities

14. Screening, Search and Detection

15. Supply Chain Integrity and Security

**Mitigate Mission Area**

16. Community Resilience

17. Long-Term Vulnerability Reduction

18. Risk and Disaster Resilience Assessment

19. Threats and Hazards Identification

**Respond Mission Area**

20. Critical Transportation

21. Environmental Response/Health and Safety

22. Fatality Management Services

23. Fire Management and Suppression

24. Infrastructure Systems

25. Mass Care Services

26. Mass Search and Rescue Operations

27. On-Scene Security, Protection, and Law Enforcement

28. Operational Communications

29. Logistics and Supply Chain Management

30. Public Health, Healthcare, & Emergency Medical Services

31. Situational Assessment

**Recover Mission Area**

32. Economic Recovery

33. Health and Social Services

34. Housing

35. Infrastructure Systems

36. Natural and Cultural Resources

# Attachment C. Homeland Security Advisory Council Structure

***Governor***

Henry D. McMaster

***State Law Enforcement Division***

Chief Mark A. Keel

***Homeland Security Advisory Council***

**SLED Chief, Homeland Security Advisor to the Governor – Chairman**

SC Emergency Management Division Director Sheriffs’ Association President

Department of Health and Environmental Control Police Chiefs’ Association President

U.S. Coast Guard Captain of the Port Fire Chiefs’ Association President

Federal Bureau of Investigation SAC Fire Fighters’ Association President

State Adjutant General Emergency Management Association President

Department of Agriculture Commissioner Emergency Medical Services Association Pres

State Fire Marshal SC Hospital Association President

Department of Technology, Chief Information Officer Department of Education Superintendent

Department of Natural Resources Director Commission on Higher Education Exec. Dir.

Department of Transportation Secretary Department of Social Services Director

Department of Public Safety Director Department on Aging

SC Criminal Justice Academy Director Regional Representatives

Department of Juvenile Justice Director Statewide Interoperability Executive Committee

State Citizens Corps Whole Community Council SC VOAD Representative

Tribal Organization Leader Office of Technology and Information Services Statewide Interoperability Coordinator Chief Information Security Officer

Office of Technology and Information Services SC State Election Commission

**Pee Dee**

**Regional Advisory**

**Council**

SLED

SCEMD

DHEC

Sheriffs (2)\*

Police Chiefs (2) \*

Fire Service (2)\*

Emerg. Medical Svcs.(2)\*

Local Emerg. Mgmt. (2)\*

DNR

DPS

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

**Midlands**

**Regional Advisory Council**

SLED

SCEMD

DHEC

Sheriffs (2)\*

Police Chiefs (2) \*

Fire Service (2)\*

Emerg. Medical Svcs.(2)\*

Local Emerg. Mgmt. (2)\*

DNR

DPS

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

.(2)\*

Local Emerg. Mgmt. (2)\*

DNR

DPS

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

**Low Country**

**Regional Advisory Council**

SLED

SCEMD

DHEC

Sheriffs (2)\*

Police Chiefs (2) \*

Fire Service (2)\*

Emerg. Medical Svcs.(2)\*

Local Emerg. Mgmt. (2)\*

DNR

DPS

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

**Piedmont**

**Regional Advisory Council**

SLED

SCEMD

DHEC

Sheriffs (2)\*

Police Chiefs (2) \*

Fire Service (2)\*

Emerg. Medical Svcs.(2)\*

Local Emerg. Mgmt. (2)\*

DNR

DPS

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

\*

Local Emerg. Mgmt. (2)\*

DNR

DPS

Regional Response Team Leaders

SIEC Members (3)

\*1-small and 1-large county

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1. Focus of expertise and resources are required on the following national priority areas: Strengthen Planning and Citizen Preparedness Capabilities; Strengthen Medical Surge and Mass Prophylaxis Capabilities; Strengthen CBRNE Detection, Response, and Decontamination Capabilities; Strengthen Interoperable and Operable Communications Capabilities; Implement the National Infrastructure Protection Plan; and Strengthen Information Sharing and Collaboration Capabilities. Other focus areas will be added in accord with the risk and success of the program. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Plans should be developed in a manner consistent with the principles and doctrine outlined in Comprehensive Preparedness Guide 101, *Producing Emergency Plans: A Guide for All-Hazard Operations Planning for State, territorial, Local and Tribal Governments (Interim).* [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. The SIG constitutes the Office of Homeland Security and is composed of two sections that support the HSA, SAA and HSAC: 1) The Resource Coordination Section assists in identifying resources (grants, equipment, personnel, state funds, etc.) and coordinates & manages their use to solve homeland security problems. 2) The Planning Coordination Section identifies & utilizes statewide expertise to conduct risk & capability assessments—and being cognizant of the resources available—assists in regional collaboration efforts, coordinates the continued development of the State Homeland Security Strategy, and investment plans to increase capabilities that reduce risk. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)